

A system for controlling the key-lock switch

Description

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BACKGROUND

[0001] 1. Field of the Invention

10 [0002] The invention relates to a method and system for controlling the key-lock switch system. Especially for the system that controls the on/off/switch action of key-lock device by exchanging the information data be received and transmitted via spread spectrum digital modulation/demodulation.

[0003] 2. Description of the Prior Art

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[0004] For the sake of security, the buildings are usually equipped with key-lock at the passage to control the entrance of persons with different authority. Among those various methods, there are defects of being easily duplicated found on the metal key for mechanical door key-lock & the stripe card of magnetic key-lock device; being easily damaged found on the stripe card of magnetic key-lock device the stripe card of magnetic key-lock device; and being easily peeped on the digital key-lock when the user is pressing the numbers.

[0005] Besides, there are key-lock system by wireless control which uses non-touch IC card to control the key-lock system. Like the key-locks used in the passage of parking lots, it is not easily duplicated but the available distance of the sensor is very limited

[0006] The key-locks for most vehicles use wireless radio frequency signals transferring, such as AM (Amplitude Modulation) by amplified size and FM (Frequency Modulation) by frequency speed. Both AM & FM wireless signals need large wave bandwidth that limits the number of changeable codes and the length of signal data. Also there are unsolved defects of noise interference.

[0007]

The key-locks use infrared technology is with defects of directional requirement which the light resource and light reception area must be directly faced for smooth transferring, and of being easily stopped by obstacles.

SUMMARY

[0008] The invention relates to a *method and system* for controlling the key-lock switch system by using spread spectrum digital modulation and demodulation technology to handle receiving and transmitting of the data to be exchanged. The technology is with features of high confidentiality and small interference. And the received/transmitted information data the confidentiality and privacy is even re-enforced through encryption and decryption process to further protect the data.

[0009] To reach the above-mentioned target, the system will include:

at least an electronic key which is operable to transmit information data to control the open, switch or close actions of the corresponding key-lock system and which comprises an RF transceiver and an antenna that are located in the transmitting end through which, when operated, the information data of the electronic key is transmitted after being generated by encryption program and coded by spread spectrum modulation as radio frequency signal;

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[0010] And at least a key-lock control module comprising an RF transceiver and an antenna that are located in the receiving end through which the radio frequency signals are received, and re-edited into information data by spread spectrum digital demodulation, and then the information data is generated by decryption program as certified data which will be checked and compared one by one by identifying program with the certified data table contained in the memory. If it is identified as the same certified data, the key-lock control module will output or cut-off the electronic control signals to switch the key-lock device. And will save the executed control contents and time as recorded data to show the entering, outing, usage situation and etc.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0011] FIG. 1 shows the first example of the invented key-lock switch system.

[0012] FIG. 2 is a combination drawing for the invented electronic key and the key-lock control module.

[0013] FIG. 3 is a one by multiple combinations drawing for the invented electronic key and the key-lock control module.

[0014] FIG. 4 shows the second example of the invented key-lock switch system.

[0015] FIG. 5 is the third example for the invention of key-lock switch system and explains how to renew the data content of operator's table or of the shared encryption data of the electronic key by information data generated from the data which is inputted through the external devices or explains how to transfer the information data. [0016] FIG. 6 is the forth example of the invention and explains the management and maintenance of

[0017] FIG. 7 explains an example of how the invention applied in a building

[0018] FIG. 8 explains an example used in motorcycles.

the invented key-lock switch system.

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[0019] FIG. 9 explains an example that the invention used in a car.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

10 [0025]The spread spectrum digital modulation/demodulation mentioned in all paragraphs here means a coding technology which edits the radio frequency signals in digital which includes quite a lot different methods of which those more typical type are: Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS), Chirp Spread Spectrum (CSS), Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS), Time Hopping Spread Spectrum (THSS), Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM)and Packet Binary Convolutional Coding (PBCC) •

[0026] Regarding the invention of key-lock switch system, please refer to the FIG. 1 which shows the first example of the invention, which includes at least an electronic key 10 and at least a key-lock control module 30. In the electronic key 10, the power supply 19 provides electric circuits and power needed by all components; the memory 45 stores the necessary data and shared data 23 for operator's table 22; the operating module 11 is for the operator via which to transfer control 21 the electronic signal enters 1 and monitor the operator's action. When the electronic signal enters 1, it will start the necessary transmitting action. First transfer control 21 will read the corresponding data of the operator's table 22 and the shared data 23 from the encryption program 24 to edit the information data 25. The information data 25 will be transferred into radio frequency signals 2 through modulation/demodulation 26's coding technology of spread spectrum digital modulation and DAC/ADC 27's digital to analog convert technology under the baseband 50. RF transceiver 28 will transmit the coded radio frequency signals into the air via the antenna 29.

[0027] Of the key-lock control module 30 composition, the power supply 44 provides electric circuit and the necessary power for the components, RF transceiver 32 and antenna 31 receive the radio frequency signals 2 from the air and edit into information data 35 by the coding process of DAC/ADC 33's analog to digital convert technology and modulation/demodulation 34's spread spectrum digital demodulation technology under the baseband 50. The memory 45 stored the certified table 39 data for identifying and action control, shared data 36 and the control record for recording the time and control action. The decryption program 37 edits the received information data 35 and shared data 36 into certified data 38 for identifying program 40 which identifies the certified data 38 with the data of the certified table 39 one by one. If there is a data be identified as

the same, according to the identification result, the on/off switch control 41 will output or cutoff the control electronic signals 5 to the key-lock module 30 of the key-lock for on/off action control and save the time and action as a control record 42 for management purpose.

[0028] The FIG 2 explains how the saved certified data of the certified table 39 of the key-lock control module 30 is produced. By encryption program 24, every data is edited from the same shared data 23 (not a must, only used when to enforce and increase the privacy & security of data) and the operator's table 22 of the electronic key 10 which is corresponding to the key-lock control module 30. The edited information data 35 and the shared data 36 (corresponding to the shared encryption program, only used when to enforce and increase the privacy & security of data) of the key-lock control module 30 is re-edited by decryption program 37. The re-edited data is saved into the certified table 39 for the sake of being identified one by one with the information data 25 of electronic key 10. Thus, the matching model of the electronic key 10 and the key-lock control module 30 is unique and will not be duplicated.

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[0029] FIG. 3 explains the operator's table 22 and certified table 39 stored in the memory. The operator's table example 22a of electronic key 10 is stored with data category and operator's data contents. The data category specifies the type of data contents and the data content is used to control the key-lock. The certified table example 39a of key-lock control module 30 is stored with control action and certified data contents. Through identifying with the certified data content, the on/off switch control 41 will output or cutoff control electric signals 5 as corresponded indicate content of the control action.

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[0030] The operator's table 22 of an electronic key is able to be stored lots of data to correspond with the many different key-lock control module 30s. The certified table 39 of the key-lock control module 30 also is able to be stored many of certified data by the way explained in FIG. 2 to correspond with the many different electronic key 10s. Thus, the electronic key 10 and the key-lock control module 30 may be a combination of one electronic key 10 controls multiple key-lock control module 30 or of one key-lock control module 30 corresponds with multiple electronic key 10 besides the one by one combination.

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[0031] Below the FIG. 4, FIG. 5 and FIG. 6 will skip the modulation/demodulation 26/34, information data 25/35 and editing of certified data 38, and identification of certified contents as they are the same as the description in previous paragraph.

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[0032] The second example in FIG. 4 explains another type of key-lock switch system. The key-lock control module 30 provides data line 7 to connect with external devices. The external data input system 51 inputs information data 35 through in-out controlling unit 43 to control the

key-lock device which is connected with key-lock control module 30.

[0033] The third example in FIG. 5 is a function expansion for the first example and explains how to renew the data content of operator's table 22 or of the shared data 23 in the electronic key 10 by information data 25 generated from the data which is inputted through external devices or explains how to transfer the information data 25. The user renews the data content of the operator's table 22 or of the shared data 23 in the electronic key 10 through the data input system 51 which is external devices and is connected with the electronic key 10 by data line 6. After the data is inputted, the transfer control 21 will determine to transfer the information data 25 generated from the inputted data or with which to renew the content data of operator's data 22 or of the shared data 23. When the operating module 11 is operated, the system will operate with the renewed data.

[0034] The forth example in FIG. 6 is an added function to the first example and explains the management and maintenance of the invented key-lock switch system. The key-lock control module 30 provides a data line 7 to connect external devices. The remote management system 52 may connect with the key-lock control module 30 through the data line 7 or radio frequency signals 2. The remote management system 52 may read, update, edit and delete 8 the content of the shared data 36, control record 42 and of the data of the certified table 39 of the memory 45 in the key-lock control module 30.

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[0035] The FIG. 7 explains an example of how the invention applied in a building and explains, through output or cutoff electronic signals 5 to control the key-lock device, a second security protection method to open the door besides using the metal key. A building 60 equipped with key-lock control module 30. A user press the remote control key of the electronic key 10. One data content of the operator's table 22 corresponding with the pressed key is transmitted through radio frequency signals 2 which is edited by digital modulation process of the electronic key 10, and the key-lock control module 30 within the valid distance re-edits the information data 35 by digital demodulation, and the identification of identifying program the data passes mapping and identification, the on/off switch control 41 then output electronic signal 5 of key-lock device of passage 61 and opens the door of the passage, same as the metal key does.

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[0036] FIG. 8 explains an example used in motorcycles. A motorcycle equipped with a key-lock control module 30 of key-lock device of starting engine 62. The user may turn on/off the power supply of the key-lock device of starting engine 62 by using the remote control device which an electronic key 10 is equipped with and prevents the motorcycle from being stolen.

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[0037] The FIG. 9 explains an example that the invention of key-lock switch system used in a vehicle. The user operates the remote control device which an electronic key 10 is equipped to

open/shut up the door of a vehicle 63 and, at the same time, controls the power supply of the key-lock device of a vehicle's starting engine 64 by switching the control of the key-lock control module 30.

5 [0038] The above examples are for the explanation convenience and the range of rights and privileges claimed by the invention is described in the patent claim section and is not limited by the above examples.